

Loveland Archaeological Society, Inc.

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LAS March 2015 Headlines:

13,300 YEAR OLD SPEAR MADE OF WOOLLY RHINOCEROS HORN FOUND ON ARCTIC ISLAND

By The Siberian Times reporter 30 September 2014

Discovery means Paleolithic man penetrated hundreds of kilometres further north than previously understood.

Studies on the intriguing rhino spear are still ongoing but this remarkable find - seen as having considerable archeological significance - was shown to Vladimir Putin on his recent visit to Yakutsk, capital of the Sakha Republic.

The spear tip, almost 90cm in length and seemingly still sharp enough to kill, was found on the island of Bolshoy Lyakhovsky, off the northern coast of Siberia, as researchers hunted for remains of woolly mammoths.

'This year we found a spear made of woolly rhino horn and if all the information is confirmed, it will be the northernmost point where a human implement was found - three degrees latitude further north than we had known before,' explained Semyon Grigoryev, Director of the Lazarev Mammoth Museum at Northeastern Federal University.

Previously ancient tools were found at a site on the Yana River, on the Siberian mainland, some 380 km to the south.



The spear tip, almost 90cm in length and seemingly still sharp enough to kill.

Picture: The Siberian Times

'This find helps our understanding of how far north people penetrated in the Paleolithic Era. At the same time, there are no analogues in the world for this discovery.'

The weapon was dated as being 13,300 years old after being sent for analysis to Groningen University in the Netherlands.

Rhinos in Siberia died out around 12,000 years ago.

Previously, woolly rhinoceros horn has been seen as a component in the construction of ancient spears in Siberia, for example in the coupling of a stone tip to

in Siberia, for example in the coupling of a stone tip to the shaft.

'It is first time we see that the tip - and such a long tip - was made of rhino horn,' he said.

'The woolly rhino's horn is rather hard, but flexible at the same time.

'It consists of keratin - a substance that makes up our hair and nails. Deer horn or cow horn, by contrast, consist of bone substance.'

Grigoryev believes more rhino spears may be found, and further evidence of early man on the island, part of the New Siberian, or Novosibirsk, archipelago.

One possibility that needs scientific evidence is that it was used to kill mammoths which, like the woolly rhinos, are long extinct.



Archaeologists work on Yana River site.

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The spear suggests these early Siberians were accomplished hunters.

'Woolly rhinos were rather dangerous animals, and hunting them could be regarded as a huge trophy,' he said.

'The spear is also in one-piece, so it could be made only from the horn of a big, mature rhino.'

At the Yana River site, dating back approximately 30,000 years, were found such artifacts as axes, stone scrapers, worked quartz crystals, tools made of wolf bone, and spear foreshafts made of mammoth tusk and rhinoceros horn.



LAS News and Upcoming Events:

Speakers Needed!

Really!! We need speakers for our 2015 meetings! If you would like to give a presentation or know of someone who would give a great program please contact Andy Coca, Jean Steinhoff or Kevin Zeeck. No experience is necessary. All that is needed is a passion for our hobby and a willingness to share that passion. Thanks!

April 7, 2015 April meeting. Program: LAS member and author Tom Westfall will give a

presentation on "High Plains Art: Beauty in Stone." Tom's programs always draw a

crowd and you won't want to miss this one!

May 5, 2015 May meeting. Program: To be announced.

May 16, 2014 2015 Spring Into Archaeology Fair, Poudre Valley REA Building. If you plan to exhibit

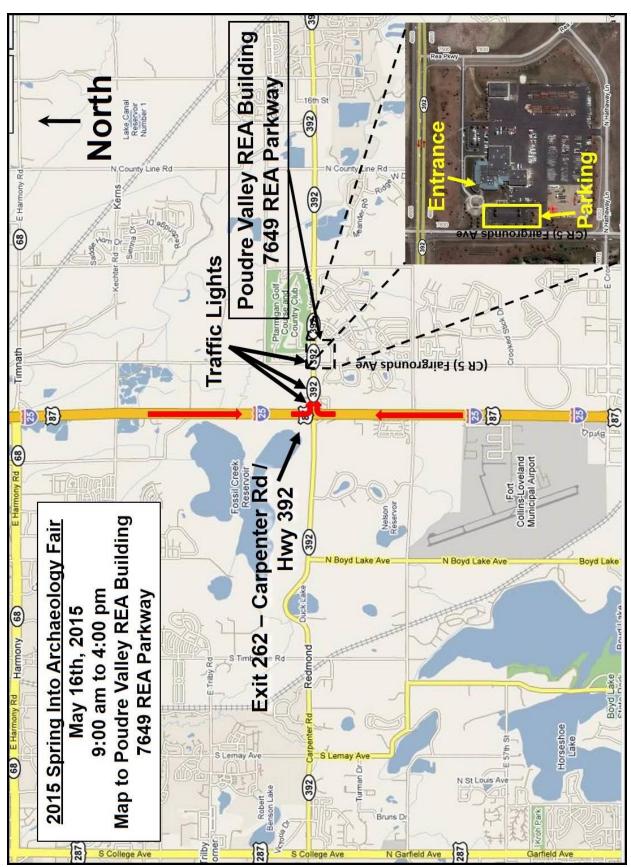
please call Andy Coca at (303) 286-7711 for table space. A flyer and directions to the

REA Building is attached. See you there!



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